

PROPOSITION 1A

Date: July 20, 2006

Transportation Funding Protection.

Legislative Constitutional Amendment.

Stats. 2006, Resolution Chapter 49 (SCA7).

Sponsor: Senator Torlakson

BALLOT LABEL

**TRANSPORTATION FUNDING PROTECTION.
LEGISLATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.**

Protects transportation funding for traffic congestion relief projects, safety improvements, and local streets and roads. Prohibits the state sales tax on motor vehicle fuels from being used for any purpose other than transportation improvements. Authorizes loans of these funds only in the case of severe state fiscal hardship. Requires loans of revenues from states sales tax on motor vehicle fuels to be fully repaid within the three years. Restricts loans to no more than twice in any 10-year period. Fiscal Impact: No revenue effect or cost effects. Increases stability of funding to transportation in 2007 and thereafter.

**SUBJECT TO COURT
ORDERED CHANGES**

PROPOSITION 1B
Highway Safety, Traffic Reduction,
Air Quality, and Port Security Bond Act of 2006.
Stats. 2006, Chapter 25 (SB 1266).
Sponsor: Senator Perata

Date: July 20, 2006

BALLOT LABEL

**HIGHWAY SAFETY, TRAFFIC REDUCTION,
AIR QUALITY, AND PORT SECURITY BOND ACT OF 2006.**

This act makes safety improvements and repairs to state highways, upgrades freeways to reduce congestion, repairs local streets and roads, upgrades highways along major transportation corridors, improves seismic safety of local bridges, expands public transit, helps complete the state's network of car pool lanes, reduces air pollution, and improves anti-terrorism security at shipping ports by providing for a bond issue not to exceed nineteen billion nine hundred twenty-five million dollars (\$19,925,000,000). Fiscal Impact: State costs of approximately \$38.9 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Additional unknown state and local operations and maintenance costs.

**SUBJECT TO COURT
ORDERED CHANGES**

PROPOSITION 1C

Date: July 20, 2006

Housing and Emergency Shelter Trust Fund Act of 2006.

Stats. 2006, Chapter 27 (SB 1689).

Sponsor: Senator Perata

BALLOT LABEL

HOUSING AND EMERGENCY SHELTER TRUST FUND ACT OF 2006.

For the purpose of providing shelters for battered women and their children, clean and safe housing for low-income senior citizens; homeownership assistance for the disabled, military veterans, and working families; and repairs and accessibility improvements to apartment for families and disabled citizens, the state shall issue bonds totaling two billion eight hundred fifty million dollars (\$2,850,000,000) paid from existing state funds at an average annual cost of two hundred and four million dollars (\$204,000,000) per year over the 30 year life of the bonds.

Requires reporting and publication of annual independent audited reports showing use of funds, and limits administration and overhead costs.

**SUBJECT TO COURT
ORDERED CHANGES**

PROPOSITION 1D
Kindergarten-University
Public Education Facilities Bond Act of 2006.
Chapter 35, Statutes of 2006 (AB 127).
Sponsor: Assembly Member Núñez

Date: July 20, 2006

BALLOT LABEL

**KINDERGARTEN-UNIVERSITY
PUBLIC EDUCATION FACILITIES BOND ACT OF 2006.**

This ten billion four hundred sixteen million dollar (\$10,416,000,000) bond issue will provide needed funding to relieve public school overcrowding and to repair older schools. It will improve earthquake safety and fund vocational educational facilities in public schools. Bond funds must be spent according to strict accountability measures. Funds will also be used to repair and upgrade existing public college and university buildings and to build new classrooms to accommodate the growing student enrollment in the California Community Colleges, the University of California, and the California State University. Fiscal Impact: State costs of about \$20.3 billion to pay off both the principal (\$10.4 billion) and interest (\$9.9 billion) on the bonds. Payments of about \$680 million per year.

**SUBJECT TO COURT
ORDERED CHANGES**

PROPOSITION 1E
Disaster Preparedness and Flood Prevention
Bond Act of 2006.
Chapter 33, Statutes of 2006 (AB 140).
Sponsor: Assembly Member Núñez

Date: July 20, 2006

BALLOT LABEL

**DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND FLOOD PREVENTION
BOND ACT OF 2006.**

This act rebuilds and repairs California's most vulnerable flood control structures to protect homes and prevent loss of life from flood-related disasters, including levee failures, flash floods, and mudslides; it protects California's drinking water supply system by rebuilding delta levees that are vulnerable to earthquakes and storms; by authorizing a \$4.09 billion dollar bond act. Fiscal Impact: State costs of approximately \$8 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Reduction in local property tax revenues of potentially up to several million dollars annually. Additional unknown state and local operations and maintenance costs.

**SUBJECT TO COURT
ORDERED CHANGES**

PROPOSITION 83

Date: July 20, 2006

Sex Offenders. Sexually Violent Predators.

Punishment, Residence Restrictions and Monitoring.

Initiative Statute.

Proponents: Rick Gann, George Runner, Sharon Runner

BALLOT LABEL

**SEX OFFENDERS. SEXUALLY VIOLENT PREDATORS.
PUNISHMENT, RESIDENCE RESTRICTIONS AND MONITORING.
INITIATIVE STATUTE.**

Increases penalties for violent and habitual sex offenders and child molesters. Prohibits residence near schools and parks. Requires Global Positioning System monitoring of registered sex offenders. Fiscal impact: Net state operating costs within ten years of up to a couple hundred million dollars annually; potential one-time state construction costs up to several hundred million dollars; unknown net fiscal impact on local governments.

**SUBJECT TO COURT
ORDERED CHANGES**

PROPOSITION 84

Date: July 20, 2006

Water Quality, Safety and Supply.

Flood Control. Natural Resource Protection.

Park Improvements. Bonds. Initiative Statute.

Proponents: Stephen J. Kaufman

BALLOT LABEL

WATER QUALITY, SAFETY AND SUPPLY.

FLOOD CONTROL. NATURAL RESOURCE PROTECTION.

PARK IMPROVEMENTS. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE.

Funds water, flood control, natural resources, park and conservation projects by authorizing \$5,388,000,000 in general obligation bonds. Emergency drinking water safety provisions. Fiscal Impact: State cost of \$10.5 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Reduced local property tax revenues of several million dollars annually. Unknown state and local operations and maintenance costs, potentially tens of millions of dollars annually.

**SUBJECT TO COURT
ORDERED CHANGES**

PROPOSITION 85
Waiting Period and Parental Notification Before
Termination of Minor's Pregnancy.
Initiative Constitutional Amendment.
Proponents: Mr. Paul Laubacher

Date: July 20, 2006

BALLOT LABEL

**WAITING PERIOD AND PARENTAL NOTIFICATION BEFORE
TERMINATION OF MINOR'S PREGNANCY.
INITIATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.**

Amends California Constitution prohibiting abortion for unemancipated minor until 48 hours after physician notifies minor's parent/guardian, except in medical emergency or with parental waiver. Mandates reporting requirements. Authorizes monetary damages against physicians for violation. Fiscal Impact: Potential unknown net state costs of several million dollars annually for health and social services programs, court administration, and state health agency administration combined.

**SUBJECT TO COURT
ORDERED CHANGES**

PROPOSITION 86

Date: July 20, 2006

Tax on Cigarettes.

Initiative Constitutional Amendment and Statute.

Proponent: Paul Knepprath

BALLOT LABEL

TAX ON CIGARETTES.

INITIATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AND STATUTE.

Imposes additional \$2.60 per pack excise tax on cigarettes and indirectly increases taxes on other tobacco products. Provides funding for various health programs, children's health coverage, and tobacco-related programs. Fiscal impact: Increase in excise tax revenues of about \$2.1 billion annually in 2007-08 spent for the specified purposes outlined above. Other potentially significant costs and savings for state and local governments due to program changes.

**SUBJECT TO COURT
ORDERED CHANGES**

PROPOSITION 87

Date: July 20, 2006

Alternative Energy. Research, Production,
Incentives. Tax on California Oil Producers.
Initiative Constitutional Amendment and Statute.
Proponents: James C. Harrison and Thomas A. Willis

BALLOT LABEL

**ALTERNATIVE ENERGY. RESEARCH, PRODUCTION,
INCENTIVES. TAX ON CALIFORNIA OIL PRODUCERS.
INITIATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AND STATUTE.**

Establishes \$4 billion program to reduce petroleum consumption through incentives for alternative energy, education and training. Funded by tax on California oil producers. Fiscal Impact: State oil tax revenues of \$225 million to \$485 million annually for alternative energy programs totaling \$4 billion. State and local revenue reductions up to low tens of millions of dollars annually.

**SUBJECT TO COURT
ORDERED CHANGES**

PROPOSITION 88

Date: July 20, 2006

Education Funding. Real Property Parcel Tax.

Initiative Constitutional Amendment and Statute.

Proponents: Joan L. Cassman and Steven D. Miller

BALLOT LABEL

**EDUCATION FUNDING. REAL PROPERTY PARCEL TAX.
INITIATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AND STATUTE.**

Imposes \$50 tax on each real property parcel to provide additional public school funding for kindergarten through grade 12. Exempts certain elderly, disabled homeowners from tax. Use of funds restricted to specific educational purposes. Fiscal Impact: State parcel tax revenue of roughly \$450 million annually, allocated to school districts for specified education programs.

**SUBJECT TO COURT
ORDERED CHANGES**

PROPOSITION 89

Date: July 20, 2006

Political Campaigns. Public Financing.
Corporate Tax Increase. Campaign Contribution and
Expenditure Limits. Initiative Statute.
Proponent: Deborah Burger

BALLOT LABEL

**POLITICAL CAMPAIGNS. PUBLIC FINANCING.
CORPORATE TAX INCREASE. CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTION AND
EXPENDITURE LIMITS. INITIATIVE STATUTE.**

Provides that eligible candidates for state elective office may receive public campaign funding. Increases tax on corporations and financial institutions by 0.2 percent to fund program. Imposes new campaign contribution/expenditure limits. Fiscal Impact: Increased revenues (primarily from increased taxes on corporations and financial institutions) totaling more than \$200 million annually to pay for the public financing of political campaigns.

**SUBJECT TO COURT
ORDERED CHANGES**

PROPOSITION 90

Date: July 20, 2006

Government Acquisition, Regulation of Private Property.

Initiative Constitutional Amendment.

Proponent: Anita S. Anderson

BALLOT LABEL

**GOVERNMENT ACQUISITION, REGULATION OF PRIVATE PROPERTY.
INITIATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.**

Bars state/local governments from condemning or damaging private property to promote other private projects, uses. Limits government's authority to adopt certain land use, housing, consumer, environmental, workplace laws/regulations. Fiscal Impact: Increased annual government costs to pay property owners for losses to their property associated with new laws and rules, and for property acquisitions. These costs are unknown, but potentially significant on a statewide basis.

**SUBJECT TO COURT
ORDERED CHANGES**